Determination of NEPA Adequacy (DNA)

U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Land Management Royal Gorge Field Office 3028 E. Main Cañon City, CO 81212

OFFICE:

PROJECT NUMBER: DOI-BLM-CO-200-2013-0078 DN

<u>CASEFILE</u>: (if applicable)

<u>PROPOSED ACTION TITLE/TYPE</u>: Range - Grazing Permit Transfer for Stoney Face Common #15018, Rye Slough North #05155, and Upper Long Gulch #05156 Allotments.

LOCATION/LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

Rye Slough North Allotment: T15S, R75W, S. 15 Park County, 480 Public Acres Stoney Face Common Allotment: NMPM, T. 50 N., R. 11 E., sec. 14, 15, 22, and 23.

Fremont County, Colorado, 473 Public Acres.

Upper Long Gulch: T15S, R75W, S. 12. Park County, 40 Public Acres

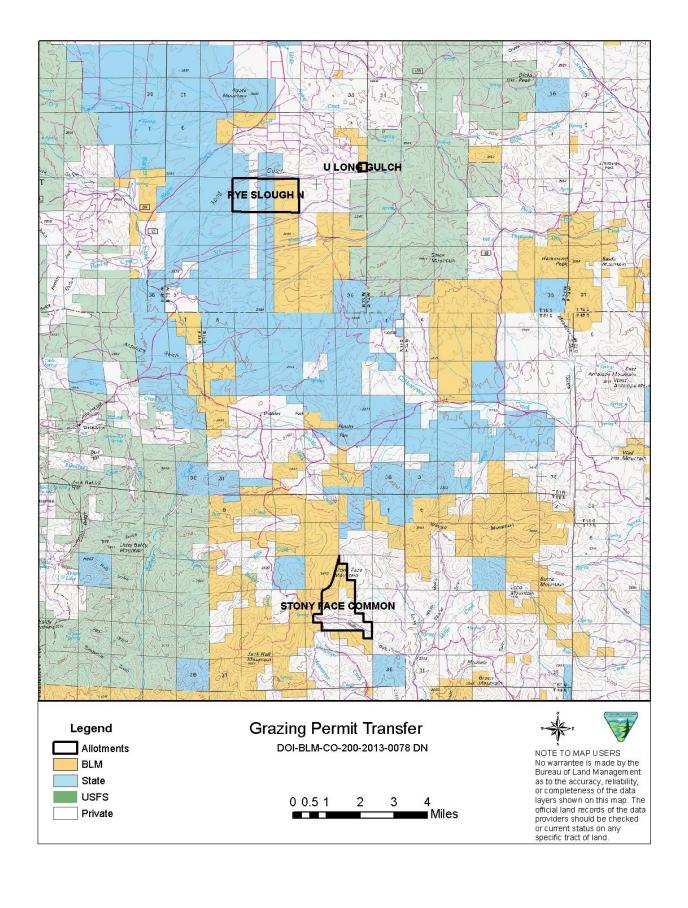
APPLICANT:

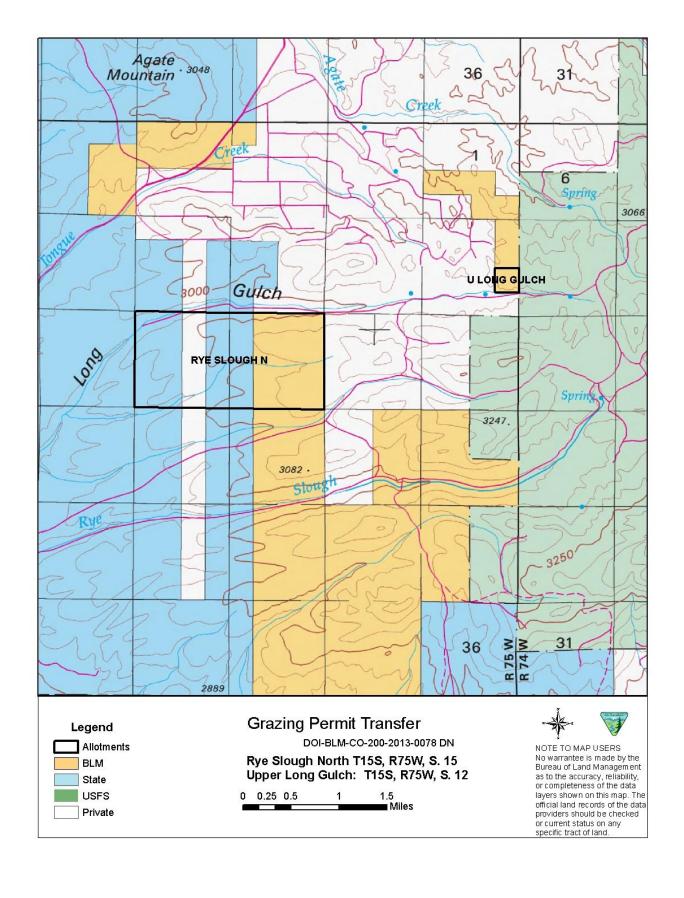
Devon Eicher – Stoney Face Common Allotment Nick Trainor – Rye Slough North and Upper Long Gulch Allotments

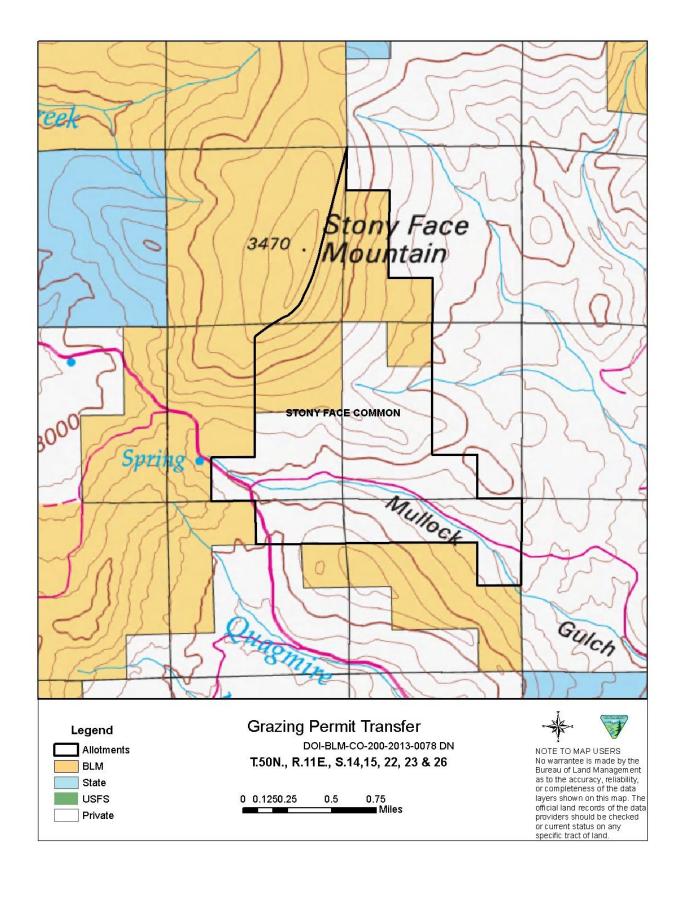
A. Description of the Proposed Action and any applicable mitigation measures

The proposed action is to transfer the authorization (permit) to graze livestock on public lands included in the Rye Slough North, Stoney Face Common, and Upper Long Gulch Allotments. The permits would be issued for ten years as previously scheduled. Grazing use on the allotments will remain as previously scheduled. There will be no changes in livestock numbers; authorized grazing dates and times; authorized levels of use; or terms and conditions.

As per CFR 4130.3-3 the authorized officer may modify the grazing schedule, terms and conditions of the permits at any time during the term when the active use or related management practices are not meeting the land use plan, allotment management plan or other activity plan, or management objectives.







B. Land Use Plan (LUP) Conformance

| LUP Name Royal Gorge Resource Management Plan | Date Approved 5/13/96 |
|---|-----------------------|
| Final Livestock Grazing EIS | Date Approved 1995 |
| Other Document | Date Approved |

The proposed action is in conformance with the applicable LUP because it is specifically provided for in the following LUP decisions: 6-2, 6-4, 6-6, C-30, C-43, C-44

- 6-2: Season of use and stocking rates will continue based on the Grazing EIS and vegetation monitoring.
- 6-4: Grazing is authorized on 70 allotments.
- 6-6: Allotments are categorized as 22 Improve and 4 Maintain.
- C-30: Base livestock grazing management on the 1981 Royal Gorge Area Grazing Environmental Impact Statement. Continue to use allotment management plans (AMPs) on an interim basis until replaced with IAPs.
- C-43: Maximum allowable utilization on allotments with rotational grazing will be 80% annual production on grass species and 60% annual production on shrub species. These percentages may have to be reduced on allotments due to wildlife conflicts.

C-44: On single pasture allotments with season long spring/summer grazing, utilization will be held to the 40 to 60 percent range on forage species in lieu of a rest standard. This requirement will be on high elevation allotments where deferment or dormant season use is impractical because of deep snow and fencing the allotment into smaller units is uneconomical.

The proposed action is in conformance with the LUP, even though it is not specifically provided for, because it is clearly consistent with the following LUP decisions (objectives, terms, and conditions):

C. Identify applicable National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) documents and other related documents that cover the proposed action.

List by name and date all applicable NEPA documents that cover the proposed action.

Rye Slough North DOI-BLM-CO-200-2009-0061 EA

Stoney Face Common CO-RGFO-00-029 EA

Upper Long Gulch DOI-BLM-CO-2009-0045 EA

List by name and date other documentation relevant to the proposed action (e.g., biological assessment, biological opinion, watershed assessment, allotment evaluation, and monitoring report).

Rye Slough North
Stoney Face Common
Upper Long Gulch
Public Land Health Assessment 2008
Public Land Health Assessment 2010
Public Land Health Assessment 2009

D. NEPA Adequacy Criteria

1. Is the new proposed action a feature of, or essentially similar to, an alternative analyzed in the existing NEPA document(s)? Is the project within the same analysis area, or if the project location is different, are the geographic and resource conditions sufficiently similar to those analyzed in the existing NEPA document(s)? If there are differences, can you

explain why they are not substantial?

The RMP and Grazing EIS analyzed livestock grazing by allotment with the mandatory terms and conditions. The previous EAs analyzed grazing use and permit renewal on the same allotments. The Proposed Action is substantially the same action and at the site specifically analyzed in the existing NEPA documents(s). Grazing use on the allotment will remain as previously scheduled. There will be no changes in livestock numbers; authorized grazing dates, times, authorized levels of use or terms and conditions.

2. Is the range of alternatives analyzed in the existing NEPA document(s) appropriate with respect to the new proposed action, given current environmental concerns, interests, and resource values?

Yes. The RMP/EIS and EA's considered a range of alternatives. The existing EAs for permit renewal continue to be appropriate for current conditions. The EAs included a proposed action alternative whereby grazing prescriptions could potentially change, a no action alternative where grazing prescriptions would remain the same as the previous permit and a no grazing alternative that were analyzed in the document. No new environmental conditions or change in resource values have arisen that would invalidate those alternatives analyzed.

- 3. Is the existing analysis valid in light of any new information or circumstances (such as, rangeland health standard assessment, recent endangered species listings, updated lists of BLM-sensitive species)? Can you reasonably conclude that new information and new circumstances would not substantially change the analysis of the new proposed action? The information and circumstances surrounding the grazing permit in this renewal are unchanged from the previous analysis. No new evidence or circumstances have arisen that would change the analysis.
- 4. Are the direct, indirect, and cumulative effects that would result from implementation of the new proposed action similar (both quantitatively and qualitatively) to those analyzed in the existing NEPA document?

Yes. There are no negative direct or indirect impacts associated with the proposed action. The impacts analyzed in the permit renewal EAs remain unchanged.

5. Are the public involvement and interagency review associated with existing NEPA document(s) adequate for the current proposed action?

Yes. Public scoping was conducted for the previous NEPA analysis. No issues were brought forward as a result of this scoping.

E. Persons/Agencies /BLM Staff Consulted

| INTERDISCIPLINARY TEAM REVIEW | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------|--|
| NAME | TITLE | AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY | Initials/date | |
| Matt Rustand | Wildlife Biologist | Terrestrial Wildlife, T&E, Migratory Birds | MR, 6/19/2013 | |
| Jeff Williams | Range Management Spec. | Range, Vegetation, Farmland | JW, 6/18/13 | |
| Chris Cloninger | Range Management Spec. | Range, Vegetation, Farmland | n/a | |
| John Lamman | Range Management Spec. | Weeds | JL, 06/26/2013 | |
| Dave Gilbert | Fisheries Biologist | Aquatic Wildlife, Riparian/Wetlands | DG, 6/19/13 | |
| Stephanie Carter | Geologist | Minerals, Paleontology, Waste Hazardous or Solid | SSC, 7/11/13 | |
| Melissa Smeins | Geologist | Minerals, Paleontology | | |
| John Smeins | Hydrologist | Hydrology, Water Quality/Rights, Soils | JS, 6/27/13 | |
| Ty Webb | Prescribed Fire Specialist | Air Quality | | |
| Jeff Covington | Cadastral Surveyor | Cadastral Survey | JC, 6/19/13 | |
| Kalem Lenard | Outdoor Recreation Planner | Recreation, Wilderness, LWCs, Visual, ACEC, W&S Rivers Recreation, Wilderness, | KL, 6/27/2013 | |
| John Nahomenuk | River Manager | LWCs, Visual, ACEC, W&S Rivers | n/a | |
| Ken Reed | Forester | Forestry | KR, 6/26/13 | |
| Martin Weimer | NEPA Coordinator | Environmental Justice, Noise, SocioEconomics | mw, 6/18/13 | |
| Monica Weimer | Archaeologist | Cultural, Native American | | |
| Michael Troyer | Archaeologist | Cultural, Native American | MDT 6/27/13 | |
| Vera Matthews | Realty Specialist | Realty | Vm 7/9/2013 | |
| Steve Craddock | Realty Specialist | Realty | n/a | |
| Bob Hurley | Fire Managemnet Officer | Fire Management | n/a | |
| Steve Cunningham | Law Enforcement Ranger | Law Enforcement | n/a | |

Other Agency Represented: None

REMARKS:

Cultural Resources: No historic properties were found in the area of potential effect [see report CR-RG-13-137 R and CR-RG-13-138 N]. Therefore, the proposed undertaking will have no effect on any historic properties (those eligible for the NRHP).

Native American Religious Concerns: No possible traditional cultural properties were located during the cultural resources inventory (see above). There is no other known evidence that suggests the project area holds special significance for Native Americans.

Threatened and Endangered Species: There are no records of any federally listed or BLM sensitive species within or near the project area. The Proposed Action will not result in impacts to TES species.

Lands and Realty: Fremont County - There are no Realty authorizations in the project area.

MITIGATION: None

CONCLUSION

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Based on the review documented above, I conclude that this proposal conforms to the applicable land use plan and that the NEPA documentation fully covers the proposed action and constitutes BLM's compliance with the requirements of the NEPA.

SIGNATURE OF PROJECT LEAD: Jeff Williams

SIGNATURE OF NEPA COORDINATOR: /s/ Martin Weimer

SIGNATURE OF NEPA SUPERVISOR: Melissa K.S. Garcia

SIGNATURE OF THE RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL: /s/ Keith E. Berger

Keith E. Berger, Field Manager

DATE: 8/2/13

Note: The signed Conclusion on this Worksheet is part of an interim step in the BLM's internal decision process and does not constitute an appealable decision. However, the lease, permit, or other authorization based on this DNA is subject to protest or appeal under 43 CFR Part 4 and the program-specific regulations.